#### Arctic Circle (66°33

# **A TYPICAL US CLASSROOM**

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## OVERVIEW

- Discussion
- Common characteristics in the US Classroom
- Interacting with students
- Discussion
- Wrap Up/ Q&A PACIFIC



#### COMMON CHARACTERISTICS IN THE US CLASSROOM

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## TYPES OF STUDENTS

- Freshman: First year students
- Sophomore: Second year
- Junior: Third year
- Senior: Fourth year
- Non-traditional Students
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### TYPES OF CLASSES

#### Lecture

- A diverse student body (i.e. PSY105) ranging from 20-200+ students
- University education consists of four years of study in the U.S.

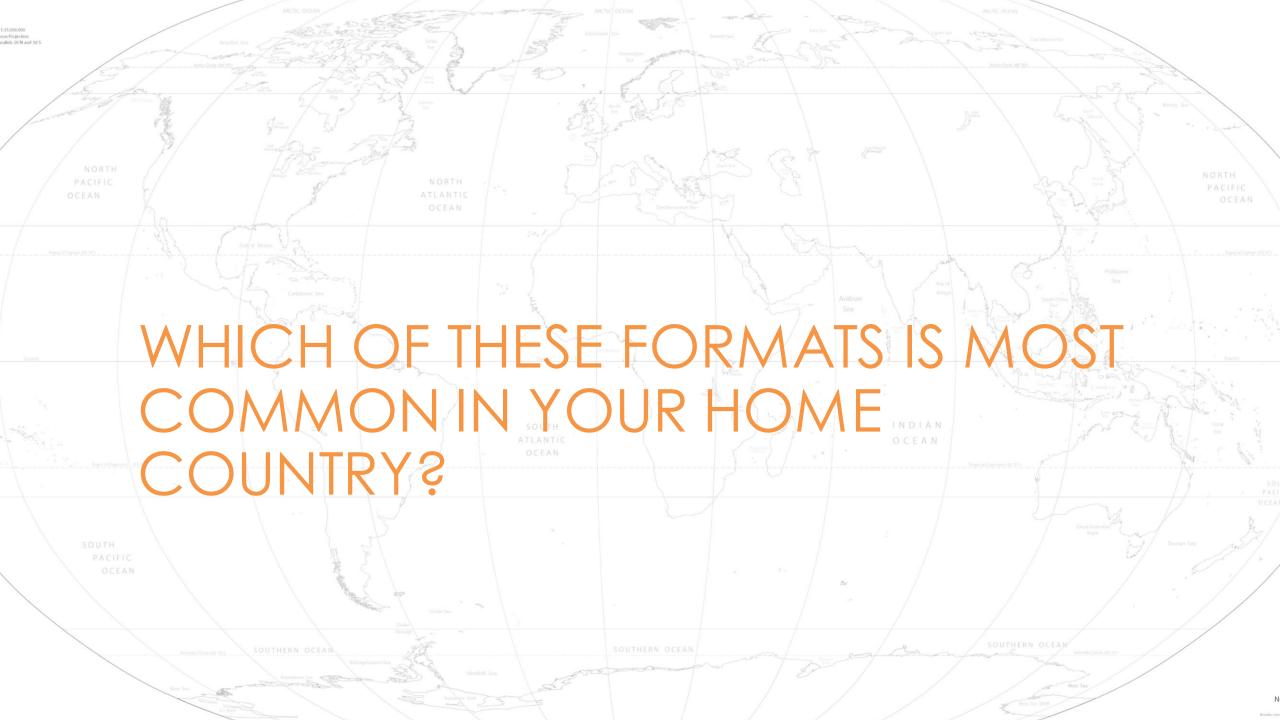
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#### Labs

- An add-on to lectures
- Hands-on experience
- Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Engineering, Earth Sciences, ...
- Small in size (<30)</li>

#### **Recitations/Discussions**

- A supplement to lectures
- Structure and expectations are typically laid out by instructors
- Small in size (< 30)
- Typically more interactive than lectures



## TECHNOLOGY-DEPENDENT

- Typically use PowerPoints
- Interactive options/ activities with devices
- Attend "Technology in the Classroom" session for more in depth discussions

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## STUDENT-CENTERED DESIGN:

- Student participation
- Questions, opinions, debates
- Providing options
- Shaping the class together

## SPEAKING OF TECHNOLOGY....



US Classroom Attendance

INTERACTING WITH STUDENTS

## **OFFICE HOURS**

- Meeting with students outside class/recitation time (not always expected)
- Excellent opportunity for students to seek clarification
- Very personalized

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#### PRONOUNS AND PREFERRED NAMES

- Some students may have pronouns that differ from their physical appearance
- Create a welcoming environment by asking students for their preferred names and pronouns during introductions



#### EMAILING

- Students may not necessarily be familiar with the genre of email in a formal context. You may receive emails that read like texts, without a subject line, a salutation or a signature.
- Students also expect quick responses to their emails.
- It would be helpful to call attention to this in the first weeks of the semester: explain your expectations from an email, and provide students with some resources they can consult

## TA-STUDENT DYNAMICS

- In the US:
  - Student-instructor dynamics tend to be more informal and relaxed
  - Students often feel comfortable interacting with instructors on a first-name basis
  - The relationship is based on mutual respect and open communication
  - Students are encouraged to express their opinions and challenge ideas
- In other cultures (e.g., Asian cultures):
  - Student-instructor dynamics are more formal and hierarchical
  - Students typically show greater deference and respect towards instructors
  - There is a stronger emphasis on authority and adherence to traditional roles
  - Students may be more reluctant to question or challenge instructors' views

## **BEHAVIORS IN CLASS**

- Different interpretation on students' behaviors in class
  - Chewinggum
  - Eating lunch
  - Leaving the classroom to use restroom
  - Wearing hats
  - Using first name
  - Use of technology (computers/tablets)
  - P A C I F I C O C E A N

### PARTICIPATION AND ATTENDANCE

 Attendance is HIGHLY recommended, but sometimes lacking if not required for grade  Participation can be less formal (shouting out) or more formal (raising hands)



## UNACCEPTABLE BEHAVIORS IN CLASS

- Prejudice and discrimination are unacceptable and should not be tolerated
- If you experience it, reach out to available resources and support networks:
  - Professor or Instructor of Record
  - Colleagues
  - Mentors
  - <u>Report a Concern to SU Diversity Inclusion and Accessibility</u>
  - <u>Bias Response</u>
- Document incidents and consider reporting them to the appropriate authorities
- Prioritize your well-being

## **GIVING FEEDBACK**

- Feedback in the US tends to allow for conversation, while in other cultures, it might be more decisive
- In US classrooms, students may openly argue with professors, which can be surprising for those accustomed to different cultural norms
- Professors in the US engage in these discussions instead of shutting them down, fostering open dialogue and learning
- Expect that students will response to or disagree with your feedback (sometimes rudely)
- Attend TA workshop to improve feedback skills

## SMALL GROUP DISCUSSION

- How is the classroom in your home country similar to the US classroom? How is it different?
- What are you most excited about?
- What are you most nervous about?

### CONNECTING WITH EXPERIENCED ITAS

- "Succeeding as an ITA" panel discussion scheduled for Monday, 8/14
- Network

### TA WORKSHOPS

- Feedback
- Conflicts in the Classroom
- Etc. Watch for emails from Shawn or Glenn!

### ALWAYS REMEMBER: THEY CHOSE YOU!

- You made it here for a reason!
- Although our jobs as TAs is all about the students, YOU are here primarily to get your degree.
- You will do great!

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# **COMMENTS? QUESTIONS?**

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